



**CITY OF VINCENT**

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995**

**PARKING AND PARKING FACILITIES  
LOCAL LAW 2007**

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**LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995**

**CITY OF VINCENT**

**PARKING AND PARKING FACILITIES LOCAL LAW 2007**

Under the powers conferred by the *Local Government Act 1995* and under all other powers enabling it, the Council of the City of Vincent resolved to make the following local law on the 25th day of September 2007.

**PART 1 - PRELIMINARY**

**1.1 Citation**

This local law may be cited as the *City of Vincent Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007*.

**1.2 Objective**

- (1) The objective of this local law is to regulate the parking or standing of vehicles in all or specified thoroughfares and reserves under the care, control and management of the local government and to provide for the management and operation of parking facilities.
- (2) The effect of this local law is that a person parking a vehicle within the parking region is to comply with the provisions of this local law.

**1.3 Commencement**

This local law comes into operation 14 days after the date of its publication in the Government Gazette.

**1.4 Repeal**

The City of Vincent Local Law Relating to Parking Facilities published in the Government Gazette on 23 May 2000 and as amended from time to time, is repealed.

**1.5 Application**

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), this local law applies to the parking region.
- (2)
  - (a) The local government may enter into an agreement in writing with the owner or occupier of a parking facility or a parking station that is not owned or occupied by the local government for the application of this local law to the facility or station.
  - (b) The agreement referred to in subclause (2)(a) may be made on such terms and conditions as the parties may agree.

- (3) This local law does not apply to a parking facility or a parking station that is not occupied by the local government, unless the local government and the owner or occupier of that facility or station have agreed in writing that this local law will apply to that facility or station.
- (4) Where a parking facility or a parking station is determined to be under the care, control and management of the City, then the facility or station shall be deemed to be a facility or station to which this local law applies and it shall not be necessary to prove that it is the subject of an agreement referred to in subclause (2).
- (5) The provisions of Parts 3, 4 and 5 do not apply to a bicycle parked at a bicycle rail or bicycle rack.

## **1.6 Interpretation**

- (1) In this local law unless the context requires otherwise –

**“ACROD sticker”** has the meaning given to it by the *Local Government (Parking for Disabled Persons) Regulations 1998*;

**“Act”** means the *Local Government Act 1995*;

**“AS”** means Australian Standard published by *Standards Association of Australia*;

**“attended parking station”** means a parking station attended by an officer of the local government and in respect of which fees for the parking of a vehicle are payable immediately prior to the removal of the vehicle from the station;

**“authorised person”** means a person authorised by the local government under section 9.10 of the Act, to perform any of the functions of an authorised person under this local law;

**“authorised vehicle”** means a vehicle authorised by the local government, the Chief Executive Officer or an authorised person or by any written law to park on a thoroughfare or parking facility;

**“bicycle”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“bicycle lane”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“bicycle path”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“bus”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“bus embayment”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“bus stop”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“bus zone”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“caravan”** means a vehicle that is fitted or designed to allow human habitation and which is drawn by another vehicle, or which is capable of self-propulsion;

**“carriageway”** means a portion of a thoroughfare that is improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular traffic and includes the shoulders, and areas including embayments, at the side or centre of the carriageway, used for the stopping or parking of vehicles; and where a thoroughfare has two or more of those portions divided by a median strip, the expression means each of those portions, separately;

**“centre”** in relation to a carriageway, means a line or a series of lines, marks or other indications –

- (a) for a two-way carriageway – placed so as to delineate vehicular traffic travelling in different directions; or
- (b) in the absence of any such lines, marks or other indications – the middle of the main, travelled portion of the carriageway;

**“CEO”** means the Chief Executive Officer of the local government;

**“children’s crossing”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“clearway”** means a length of carriageway which carries a high traffic volume that has clearway no stopping signs erected appurtenant to it, to facilitate the unhindered flow of traffic;

**“Code”** means the *Road Traffic Code 2000*;

**“coin”** means any coin which is legal tender pursuant to the *Currency Act 1965 (Commonwealth)*;

**“commercial vehicle”** means a motor vehicle constructed for the conveyance of goods or merchandise, or for the conveyance of materials used in any trade, business, industry or work whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle for the conveyance of passengers, and includes any motor vehicle that is designed primarily for the carriage of persons, but which has been fitted or adapted for the conveyance of the goods, merchandise or materials referred to, and is in fact used for that purpose;

**“head of a cul-de-sac”** means the part of a road that is closed at one end and is shaped in such a way that it can be used for vehicles to turn, and includes bulb or hammer-head shaped closed roads;

**“district”** means the district of the local government;

**“driver”** means any person driving or in control of a vehicle;

**“eating area”** means an area in which tables, chairs and other structures are provided for the purpose of the supply of food and beverages to a member of the public or the consumption of food and beverages by a member of the public;

**“edge line”** for a carriageway, means a line marked along the carriageway at or near the far left or the far right of the carriageway;

**“electronic parking detection device”** means an electronic device placed in a position to detect and record the parking time of a vehicle on any road, parking facility, or other public place and includes any instrument, display panel or transmitting apparatus associated with the device;

**“electronic parking ticket”** means a ticket which is issued from a ticket issuing machine or ticket issuing device, and which authorises the parking of a vehicle in a parking stall or a parking station or part of a parking station and includes the date and time of which the authorisation expires, whether or not the payment of a fee is required;

**“emergency vehicle”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“fire hydrant”** means an upright pipe with a spout, nozzle or other outlet for drawing water from a main or service pipe in case of fire or other emergency;

**“footpath”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“GVM”** (which stands for 'gross vehicle mass') has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“kerb”** means any structure, mark, marking or device to delineate or indicate the edge of a carriageway;

**“loading zone”** means a parking stall which is set aside for use by commercial vehicles if there is a sign referable to that stall marked 'Loading Zone';

**“local government”** means the *City of Vincent*;

**“mail zone”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“median strip”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“metered space”** means a section or part of a metered zone that is controlled by a parking meter and that is marked or defined in any way to indicate where a vehicle may be parked on payment of a fee or charge;

**“metered zone”** means any road or reserve, or part of any road or reserve, in which parking meters regulate the stopping or parking of vehicles;

**“mobile device”** means a portable computing device such as a smartphone or tablet computer;

**“money”** means any legal tender under the Currency Act 1965 (Cth);

**“motor cycle”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“motor vehicle”** means a self-propelled vehicle that is not operated on rails; and the expression includes a trailer, semi-trailer or caravan while attached to a motor vehicle, but does not include a power assisted pedal cycle;

**“no parking area”** means a portion of a carriageway to which a “no parking” sign applies or an area to which a no parking sign applies;

**“no parking sign”** means a sign with the words “no parking” in red letters on a white background, or the letter “P” within a red annulus and a red diagonal line across it on a white background;

**“no stopping area”** means a portion of a carriageway to which a “no stopping” sign applies or an area to which a “no stopping” sign applies;

**“no stopping sign”** means a sign with the words “no stopping” or “no standing” in red letters on a white background or the letter “S” within a red annulus and a red diagonal line across it on a white background;

**“obstruct”** means to prevent or impede or to make difficult the normal passage of any vehicle, wheelchair, perambulator or pedestrian and “*obstruction*” shall have a corresponding meaning;

**“occupier”** has the meaning given to it by the Act;

**“omnibus”** has the same meaning given to it in the *Road Traffic Act*;

**“owner”**



- (a) where used in relation to a vehicle licensed under the *Road Traffic Act*, means the person in whose name the vehicle has been registered under the *Road Traffic Act*;
- (b) where used in relation to any other vehicle, means the person who owns, or is entitled to possession of that vehicle; and
- (c) where used in relation to land, has the meaning given to it by the Act;

**“park”** in relation to a vehicle, means to permit a vehicle, whether attended or not by any person, to remain stationary except for the purpose of –

- (a) avoiding conflict with other traffic; or
- (b) complying with the provisions of any law; or
- (c) taking up or setting down persons or goods (maximum of 2 minutes);

**“parking app”** means a mobile app or mobile application designed to operate on a mobile device for the purpose of purchasing or obtaining an electronic parking ticket;

**“parking area”** means a portion of a carriageway to which a *“permissive parking”* sign applies or an area to which a permissive parking sign applies;

**“parking facilities”** includes land, buildings, shelters, road reserve, parking area, metered zone, ticket machine zone, parking bay, parking station, attended parking station, parking stalls and other facilities open to the public generally for the parking of vehicles whether or not a fee is charged, and includes any signs, notices and facilities used in connection with the parking of vehicles;

**“parking permit”** means a permit issued by the local government or an authorised person and includes a written or electronic permit;

**“parking region”** means the area described in Schedule 1;

**“parking stall”** means a section or part of a thoroughfare or of a parking station which is marked or defined by painted lines, metallic studs, coloured bricks or pavers or similar devices for the purpose of indicating where a vehicle may be parked, but does not include a metered space;

**“parking station”** means any land, or structure provided for the purpose of accommodating vehicles;

**“parking ticket”** means a ticket which is issued from a ticket issuing machine or ticket issuing device, and which authorises the parking of a vehicle in a parking stall or a parking station or part of a parking station and includes the date and time of which the authorisation expires, whether or not the payment of a fee is required;

**“pedestrian crossing”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“permit”** means a permit issued under this local law;

**“public place”** means any place to which the public has access whether or not that place is on private property;

**“reserve”** means any land –

- (a) which belongs to the local government;
- (b) of which the local government is the management body under the *Land Administration Act 1997*; or

- (c) which is an 'otherwise unvested facility' within section 3.53 of the Act;

**“residential street”** means a thoroughfare where the majority of properties abutting the thoroughfare are used for residential purposes;

**“right of way”** means a portion of land that is –

- (a) shown and marked **“Right of Way”** or **“ROW”**, or coloured or marked in any other way to signify that the portion of land is a right of way, on any plan or diagram deposited with the Registrar of Titles that is subject to the provisions of section 167A of the *Transfer of Land Act 1893*;
- (b) shown on a diagram or plan of survey relating to a subdivision that is created as a “right of way” and vested in the Crown under section 152 of the Planning and Development Act 2005; and
- (c) shown and marked as a right of way on a map or plan deposited with the Registrar of Titles and transferred to the Crown under the *Transfer of Land Act 1893*,

but does not include:

- (d) private driveways; and
- (e) a “right of way” created by a deed of easement between two or more parties;

**“Road Traffic Act”** means the *Road Traffic Act 1974*;

**“Schedule”** means a schedule to this local law;

**“shared zone”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“sign”** includes a traffic sign, inscription, road marking, mark, structure or device on which may be shown words, numbers, expressions or symbols, and which is placed on or near a thoroughfare or within a parking station or reserve for the purpose of prohibiting, regulating, guiding, directing or restricting the parking or stopping of vehicles;

**“special purpose vehicle”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“stop”** in relation to a vehicle means to stop a vehicle and permit it to remain stationary, except for the purposes of avoiding conflict with other traffic or of complying with the provisions of any law;

**“symbol”** includes, but is not limited to, any symbol specified by *Australian Standard 1742.11-1999* and any symbol specified from time to time by Standards Australia for use in the regulation of parking;

**“tare weight”** in relation to a vehicle, means the weight of the vehicle without any passengers or load;

**“taxi”** means a taxi within the meaning of the *Taxi Act 1994* or a taxi-car in section 47Z of the *Transport Co-ordination Act 1966*;

**“taxi zone”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“ticket issuing machine”** means a machine or mobile device as a result of a payment by coins, money or any permitted means, issues a parking ticket, whether paper or electronic, showing the period during which it is lawful to remain parked in the area to which the machine or mobile device relates;

**“ticket machine zone”** means a parking facility in which ticket issuing machines are installed but does not include a parking station;

**“thoroughfare”** has the meaning given to it by the Act;

**“traffic island”** has the meaning given to it by the Code;

**“trailer”** means any vehicle without motive power of its own, designed for attachment to a motor vehicle for the purpose of being towed, but does not include the rear portion of an articulated vehicle, or a side car;

**“tourist bus”** means any omnibus which is used, hired or chartered for any purpose and includes a charter bus but does not include a public bus;

**“truck”** means a vehicle which as a load capacity exceeding 1000 kilograms;

**“unattended”** in relation to a vehicle, means that the driver has left the vehicle so that the driver is more than 3 metres from the closest point of the vehicle;

**“vehicle”** has the meaning given to it by the Road Traffic Act; and

**“verge”** means the portion of a thoroughfare which lies between the boundary of a carriageway and the adjacent property line but does not include a footpath.

- (2) For the purposes of the application of the definitions *“no parking area”* and *“parking area”* an arrow inscribed on a sign erected at an angle to the boundary of the carriageway is deemed to be pointing in the direction in which it would point, if the signs were turned at an angle of less than 90 degrees until parallel with the boundary.
- (3) A reference to a word or expression inscribed on a sign includes a reference to a symbol depicting the word or expression.
- (4) A reference to a parking station, ticket machine zone or metered zone includes a reference to part of the parking station, ticket machine zone or metered zone.
- (5) Unless the context otherwise requires, where a term is used, but not defined in this local law and:
  - (a) it is defined in the Act, it shall have the meaning given to it in the Act; and
  - (b) it is defined in the Road Traffic Act or in the Code, it shall have the meaning given to it in the Road Traffic Act or the Code.

## **1.7 Classes of vehicles**

For the purpose of this local law, vehicles are divided into the following classes—

- (a) buses;
- (b) commercial vehicles;
- (c) motorcycles and bicycles;
- (d) taxis; and
- (e) all other vehicles.

## **1.8 Powers of the local government**

The local government may, by resolution, prohibit or regulate by signs or otherwise, the

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stopping or parking of any vehicle or any class of vehicles in any part of the parking region, but must do so consistently with the provisions of this local law.

### **1.9 Determination of fees, charges and costs**

All fees, charges and costs referred to in this local law shall be determined and imposed by the local government from time to time in accordance with sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the Act.

### **1.10 Alternative methods of payment for parking**

- (1) The local government may authorise a person to park, or to pay for parking, in advance or in arrears by issuing (electronically or otherwise) a permit, invoice, ticket or pass (referred to in this clause as an Alternative Method of Payment).
- (2) A person who has been authorised by the local government to make an Alternative Method of Payment for parking is exempt from paying fees at the relevant parking facility providing that he or she complies with the terms of the Alternative Method of Payment.
- (3) An Alternative Method of Payment may not be used by any person other than the person who received authorisation by the local government.
- (4) The local government may introduce and apply methods of payment for parking fees which may include but not limited to payment by –
  - (a) Australian currency including coins and or bank notes;
  - (b) credit card or debit card; or
  - (c) payment by telephone; or
  - (d) any other approved method of payment.
- (5) The local government may introduce various paid parking processes which may include but not limited to the following –
  - (a) ticket parking;
  - (b) pay by vehicle registration number;
  - (c) pay by parking bay; or
  - (d) pay on foot.

## **PART 2 – SIGNS**

### **2.1 Erection of signs**

The local government may erect a sign for the purposes of this local law on any land, building or other structure within the parking region.

### **2.2 Compliance with signs**

- (1) A person shall comply with the direction on every sign displayed, marked, placed or erected pursuant to this local law.
- (2) An inscription or symbol on a sign operates and has effect according to its tenor and a person contravening the direction on a sign commits an offence under this local law.

### **2.3 Unauthorised signs and defacing of signs**

A person shall not without the approval of the local government –

- (a) display, mark, set up or exhibit a sign purporting to be or resembling a sign marked, set up or exhibited by the local government under this local law;
- (b) remove, deface or misuse a sign or property set up or exhibited by the local government under this local law or attempt to do any such act; or
- (c) affix a board, sign, placard, notice or other thing to, or paint or write upon any part of a sign set up or exhibited by the local government under this local law.

## **2.4 General provisions about signs**

- (1) A sign marked, erected, set up, established or displayed on or near a thoroughfare or in a parking station is, in the absence of evidence to the contrary to be deemed to be a sign marked, erected, set up, established or displayed under the authority of this local law.
- (2) The first three letters of any day of the week when used on a sign indicate that day of the week.
- (3) For the purpose of this local law, the local government may use (AS 1742.11-1999), as a guide for the development or marking of signs, but is not bound to do so and, where it does use it as a guide may vary any of the provisions of (AS 1742.11-1999) as it sees fit.

## **2.5 Application of this local law to pre-existing signs and private properties**

- (1) A sign that –
  - (a) was erected by the local government or the Commissioner of Main Roads prior to the coming into operation of this local law; and
  - (b) relates to the parking of vehicles within the parking region,shall be deemed for the purposes of this local law to have been erected by the local government under the authority of this local law.
- (2) A sign that was erected on a private property prior to the coming into operation of this local law, and that states or stated to the effect that there was no unauthorised parking and that the local law repealed under clause 1.4 (the “repealed local law”) applied to the private property, shall be deemed for the purposes of this local law to have been erected under the authority of this local law and to refer to this local law instead of the repealed local law.
- (3) An inscription or symbol on a sign referred to in subclause (1) or (2) operates and has effect according to its tenor.
- (4) Where prior to the coming into operation of this local law, a private property was registered with the local government for the purpose of enforcing clause 67 of the repealed local law, that registration and any terms or conditions attaching to that registration shall continue to have effect for the purpose of enforcing clause 4.9(2) of this local law.

## **2.6 Part of a thoroughfare to which sign applies**

Where under this local law the parking of vehicles in a thoroughfare is controlled by a sign, the sign shall be read as applying to that part of the thoroughfare which –

- (a) lies beyond the sign;
- (b) lies between the sign and the next sign beyond that sign; and
- (c) is on that side of the thoroughfare nearest to the sign.

## **PART 3 - PARKING STALLS AND PARKING STATIONS**

### **3.1 Determination of parking stalls and parking stations**

The local government may by resolution constitute, determine and vary and also indicate by signs –

- (a) parking stalls;
- (b) parking stations;
- (c) permitted time and conditions of parking in parking stalls and parking stations which may vary with the locality;
- (d) permitted classes of vehicles which may park in parking stalls and parking stations;
- (e) permitted classes of persons who may park in specified parking stalls or parking stations; and
- (f) the manner of parking in parking stalls and parking stations.

### **3.2 Vehicles to be within parking stalls on thoroughfare**

- (1) Subject to subclauses (2), (3) and (4), a person shall not park a vehicle in a parking stall in a thoroughfare otherwise than –
  - (a) parallel to and as close to the kerb as is practicable;
  - (b) wholly within the stall; and
  - (c) headed in the direction of the movement of traffic on the side of the thoroughfare in which the stall is situated.
- (2) Subject to subclause (3) where a parking stall in a thoroughfare is set out otherwise than parallel to the kerb, then a person must park a vehicle in that stall wholly within it.
- (3) If a vehicle is too long or too wide to fit completely within a single parking stall then the person parking the vehicle shall do so within the minimum number of parking stalls needed to park that vehicle.
- (4) A person shall not park a vehicle partly within and partly outside a parking area.

### **3.3 Parking prohibitions and restrictions**

- (1) A person shall not –
  - (a) stop or park a vehicle in a parking station so as to obstruct any entrance, exit, carriageway, passage or thoroughfare of the parking station;
  - (b) except with the permission of the local government or an authorised person park a vehicle on any part of a parking station contrary to a sign referable to that part;
  - (c) permit a vehicle to park on any part of a parking station, if an authorised person directs the driver of such vehicle to move the vehicle from such part or from the parking station; or
  - (d) park or attempt to park a vehicle in a parking stall in which another vehicle is parked but this paragraph does not prevent the parking of a motorcycle and a bicycle together in a stall marked 'M/C', if the bicycle is parked in accordance

with subclause (2).

- (2) No person shall park any bicycle –
  - (a) in a parking stall other than in a stall marked 'M/C'; and
  - (b) in such stall other than against the kerb,unless it is parked at a bicycle rail or in a bicycle rack.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1)(b) a driver may park a vehicle in a parking stall or station (except in a parking area for people with disabilities) for twice the period of time permitted by the sign, provided that –
  - (a) the driver's vehicle displays an ACROD sticker; and
  - (b) a person with disabilities to which that ACROD sticker relates is either the driver of or a passenger in the vehicle.

## **PART 4 - PARKING GENERALLY**

### **4.1 Restrictions on parking in particular areas**

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), a person shall not park a vehicle in a thoroughfare or part of a thoroughfare, or part of a parking station –
  - (a) if by a sign it is set apart for the parking of vehicles of a different class;
  - (b) if by a sign it is set apart for the parking of vehicles by persons of a different class; or
  - (c) during any period when the parking of vehicles is prohibited by a sign.
- (2) (a) In subclause (2)(b) “driver” means a driver where –
  - (i) the driver's vehicle displays an ACROD sticker; and
  - (ii) a disabled person to which the ACROD sticker relates is either the driver of the vehicle or a passenger in the vehicle.
  - (b) A driver may park a vehicle in a thoroughfare or part of a thoroughfare or part of a parking station, except in a thoroughfare or part of a thoroughfare or part of a parking station to which a disabled parking sign relates, for twice the period of time permitted by a sign referable to the thoroughfare or the part of the thoroughfare or the part of the parking station.
- (3) A person shall not park a vehicle –
  - (a) in a no parking area;
  - (b) in a parking area, except in accordance with both the signs associated with the parking area and with this local law;
  - (c) in a stall marked “M/C” unless it is a motorcycle without a sidecar or a trailer, or it is a bicycle;
  - (d) within the head of a cul-de-sac;
- (4) A person shall not park a motorcycle without a sidecar or a trailer, or a bicycle in a parking stall unless the stall is marked “M/C”.

- (5) A person shall not, without the prior permission of the local government, or an authorised person, park a vehicle in an area designated by a sign stating “Authorised Vehicles Only”.
- (6) A person shall not stop or park a vehicle in a bicycle lane or on a bicycle path.

#### **4.2 Parking vehicle on a carriageway**

- (1) A person parking a vehicle on a carriageway other than in a parking stall shall park it –
  - (a) in the case of a two-way carriageway, so that it is as near as practicable to and parallel with, the left boundary of the carriageway and headed in the direction of the movement of traffic on the side of the thoroughfare on which the vehicle is parked;
  - (b) in the case of a one-way carriageway, so that it is as near as practicable to and parallel with either boundary of the carriageway and headed in the direction of the movement of traffic on the side of the thoroughfare on which the vehicle is parked;
  - (c) so that at least 3 metres of the width of the carriageway lies between the vehicle and the farther boundary of the carriageway, or any continuous line or median strip, or between the vehicle and a vehicle parked on the farther side of the carriageway;
  - (d) so that the front and the rear of the vehicle respectively are not less than 1 metre from any other vehicle, except a motorcycle without a trailer, or a bicycle parked in accordance with this local law; and
- (e) so that it does not obstruct any vehicle on the carriageway, unless otherwise indicated by a sign.
- (2) In this clause, “**continuous dividing line**” means –
  - (a) a single continuous dividing line only;
  - (b) a single continuous dividing line to the left or right of a broken dividing line; or
  - (c) two parallel continuous dividing lines.
- (3)
  - (a) The driver of any vehicle standing on any carriageway in any park or reserve shall place and keep the same close to and parallel with the road edge, kerb or footpath on the left of such vehicle, except where channels or other obstructions prevent this from being done;
  - (b) Subclause (3)(a) shall not apply to a vehicle parked in an area where the parking bays have been marked other than parallel to the road edge.

#### **4.3 When parallel and right-angled parking apply**

Where a sign associated with a parking area is not inscribed with the words “*angle parking*” (or with an equivalent symbol depicting this purpose), then unless a sign associated with the parking area indicates, or marks on the carriageway indicate, that vehicles have to park in a different position, where the parking area is –

- (a) adjacent to the boundary of a carriageway, a person parking a vehicle in the parking
-



area shall park it as near as practicable to and parallel with that boundary; and

- (b) at or near the centre of the carriageway, a person parking a vehicle in that parking area shall park it at approximately right angles to the centre of the carriageway.

#### **4.4 When angle parking applies**

- (1) This clause does not apply to –
  - (a) a passenger vehicle or a commercial vehicle with a mass including any load, of over three tonnes; or
  - (b) a person parking either a motor cycle without a trailer or a bicycle.
- (2) Where a sign associated with a parking area is inscribed with the words “*angle parking*” (or with an equivalent symbol depicting this purpose), a person parking a vehicle in the area shall park the vehicle at an angle of approximately 45 degrees to the centre of the carriageway unless otherwise indicated by the inscription on the parking sign or by marks on the carriageway.

#### **4.5 General prohibitions on parking**

- (1)
  - (a) This clause does not apply to a vehicle parked in a parking stall.
  - (b) Subclauses (2)(c), (e) and (g) do not apply to a vehicle which parks in a bus embayment.
- (2) Subject to any law relating to intersections with traffic control signals a person shall not park a vehicle so that any portion of the vehicle is –
  - (a) between any other stationary vehicles and the centre of the carriageway;
  - (b) on or adjacent to a median strip;
  - (c) obstructing a right of way, private drive or carriageway or so close as to deny a vehicle reasonable access to or egress from the right of way, private drive or carriageway;
  - (d) alongside or opposite any excavation, works, hoarding, scaffolding or obstruction on the carriageway, if the vehicle would obstruct traffic;
  - (e) on or within 10 metres of any portion of a carriageway bounded by a traffic island;
  - (f) on any footpath or pedestrian crossing;
  - (g) between the boundaries of a carriageway and any double longitudinal line consisting of two continuous lines or between a double longitudinal line consisting of a continuous line and a broken or dotted line and the boundary of a carriageway nearer to the continuous line, unless there is a distance of at least 3 metres clear between the vehicle and the double longitudinal line;
  - (h) on an intersection, except adjacent to a carriageway boundary that is not broken by an intersecting carriageway;
  - (i) within 1 metre of a fire hydrant or fire plug, or of any sign or mark indicating the existence of a fire hydrant or fire plug;
  - (j) within 3 metres of a public letter box, unless the vehicle is being used for the purposes of collecting postal articles from the public letter box; or

- (k) within 10 metres of the nearer property line of any thoroughfare intersecting the thoroughfare on the side on which the vehicle is parked,

unless a sign indicates otherwise.
- (3) A person shall not park a vehicle so that any portion of the vehicle is within 10 metres of the departure side of –
  - (a) a sign inscribed with the words “*Bus Stop*” or “*Hail Bus Here*” (or with equivalent symbols depicting these purposes) unless the vehicle is a bus stopped to take up or set down passengers; or
  - (b) a children’s crossing or pedestrian crossing.
- (4) A person shall not park a vehicle so that any portion of the vehicle is within 20 metres of the approach side of –
  - (a) a sign inscribed with the words “*Bus Stop*” or “*Hail Bus Here*” (or with equivalent symbols depicting these purposes) unless the vehicle is a bus stopped to take up or set down passengers;
  - (b) a children’s crossing or pedestrian crossing.
- (5) A person shall not park a vehicle so that any portion of the vehicle is within 20 metres of either the approach side or the departure side of the nearest rail of a railway level crossing.

#### **4.6 Authorised person may order vehicle on thoroughfare to be moved**

The driver of a vehicle shall not park a vehicle on any part of a thoroughfare in contravention of this local law after an authorised person has directed the driver to move it.

#### **4.7 No movement of vehicles to avoid time limitation**

- (1) Where the parking of vehicles in a parking facility is permitted for a limited time, a person shall not move a vehicle within the parking facility so that the total time of parking exceeds the maximum time allowed for parking in the parking facility.
- (2) Where the parking of vehicles in a thoroughfare is permitted for a limited time, a person shall not move a vehicle along that thoroughfare so that the total time of parking exceeds the maximum time permitted, unless the vehicle has first been removed from the thoroughfare for at least two hours.
- (3) Where parking in a thoroughfare is restricted as to time and a vehicle has been parked in that thoroughfare a person shall not park that vehicle again in that thoroughfare unless there is between the place where the vehicle had been parked and the place where the vehicle is subsequently parked another thoroughfare that meets or intersects that thoroughfare.

#### **4.8 No parking of vehicles exposed for sale and in other circumstances**

A person shall not park a vehicle on any part of a thoroughfare –

- (a) for the purpose of exposing it for sale;
- (b) if that vehicle is not licensed under the Road Traffic Act;
- (c) if that vehicle is a trailer or a caravan unattached to a motor vehicle; or

- (d) for the purpose of effecting repairs to it, other than the minimum repairs necessary to enable the vehicle to be moved to a place other than a thoroughfare.

#### **4.9 Parking on private land**

- (1) In this clause a reference to “**land**” does not include land –
  - (a) which belongs to the local government;
  - (b) of which the local government is the management body under the *Land Administration Act 1997*;
  - (c) which is an 'otherwise unvested facility' within section 3.53 of the Act;
  - (d) which is the subject of an agreement referred to in clause 1.5(2); or
  - (e) which is determined by a Council resolution to be a parking station under the care, control and management of the City.
- (2) A person shall not park a vehicle on land without the consent of the owner or occupier of the land on which the vehicle is parked.
- (3) Where the owner or occupier of the land, by a sign referable to that land or otherwise, consents to the parking of vehicles of a specified class or classes on the land for a limited period, a person shall not park a vehicle on the land otherwise than in accordance with the consent.

#### **4.10 Parking on reserves**

No person other than an employee or approved contractor of the local government in the course of his or her duties or a person authorised by the local government shall drive or park a vehicle upon or over any portion of a reserve other than upon an area specifically set aside for that purpose.

#### **4.11 Parking on verges**

- (1) A person shall not –
  - (a) park a vehicle;
  - (b) park a commercial vehicle or bus, or a trailer or caravan unattached to a motor vehicle; or
  - (c) park a vehicle during any period when the parking of vehicles on that verge is prohibited by a sign adjacent and referable to that verge,so that any portion of it is on a verge.
- (2) Subclause (1)(a) does not apply to the person if he or she is the owner or occupier of the premises adjacent to that verge, or is a person authorised by the occupier of those premises to park the vehicle so that any portion of it is on the verge.
- (3) Subclause (1)(b) does not apply to a commercial vehicle when it is being loaded or unloaded with reasonable expedition with goods, merchandise or materials collected from or delivered to the premises adjacent to the portion of the verge on which the commercial vehicle is parked, provided no obstruction is caused to the passage of any vehicle or person using a carriageway or a footpath.

#### **4.12 Suspension of parking limitations for urgent, essential or official duties**

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- (1) Where by a sign the parking of vehicles is permitted for a limited time on a portion of a thoroughfare or parking facility, the local government or an authorised person may, subject to the Code, permit a person to park a vehicle in that portion of the thoroughfare or parking facility for longer than the permitted time in order that the person may carry out urgent, essential or official duties.
- (2) Where permission is granted under subclause (1), the local government or an authorised person may prohibit the use by any other vehicle of that portion of the thoroughfare or parking facility to which the permission relates, for the duration of that permission.

#### **4.13 Parking in a parking station**

- (1) This clause does not apply to a person who parks a vehicle, or who permits a vehicle to remain parked, in a parking station in accordance with the terms of an Alternative Method of Payment under clause 1.10.
- (2) Subject to subclause (3) a person shall not stop or park a vehicle in any part of a parking station equipped with a ticket issuing machine or a parking facility during any permitted period unless:
  - (a) the appropriate fee has been accepted by a ticket issuing machine or the required payment is made in such other form as may be permitted;
  - (b) a valid parking ticket or valid parking tickets applicable to that part of the parking station and issued on that day; and
  - (c) the date and time of issue or expiry of the ticket, as the case may be, and the number of the ticket, if any, printed thereon, are displayed inside the vehicle and clearly visible to and be able to be read by an authorised person from outside the vehicle at all times while the vehicle remains stopped or parked in that part of the parking station; or
  - (d) in the case of an electronic parking ticket, the date and time of issue or expiry of the ticket, as the case may be, and the number of the ticket, if any, printed thereon is able to be read on a mobile device by an authorised person from outside the vehicle at all times while the vehicle remains stopped or parked in that part of the parking station.
- (3) For the purposes of subclause (2), a parking ticket issued in respect of any parking station or any part of a parking station which has been set aside under this local law shall be applicable only to that parking station or that part of that parking station, as the case may be.
- (4) A reference in this clause to:
  - (a) **“permitted period”** means the period stated on the ticket issuing machines in the parking station during which the parking of vehicle is permitted upon the purchase of a parking ticket;
  - (b) **“valid parking ticket”** means a parking ticket on which:
    - (i) a date and expiry time is printed and that time has not expired; or
    - (ii) a date and time of issue is printed and the period for which that ticket remains valid as stated on the ticket issuing machine from which the ticket was purchased has not expired.

- (5) A person shall not:
- (a) deface, alter, add to, erase, obliterate or otherwise interfere with a parking ticket or any information, printing or imprint thereon;
  - (b) park a vehicle in a parking station or parking facility if there is displayed in that vehicle so as to be visible from outside the vehicle a parking ticket which has been defaced, altered, added to, erased, obliterated, expired or otherwise interfered with; or
  - (c) produce to an authorised person or the local government to accept payment of parking fees, a parking ticket which is, or any information, printing or imprint on which is defaced, altered, added to, erased, obliterated or otherwise interfered with.
- (6) A fee payable for the parking of a motor cycle and the period of application of the fee in a parking station may be determined and imposed by the local government.
- (7) The local government shall not be obliged to accept payment of any fee referred to in this clause.
- (8) A person shall not stop or park a motor cycle in a parking station equipped with a ticket issuing machine unless:
- (a) wholly within a parking stall marked with the symbol "M/C" or otherwise designated as being set aside for the parking of motor cycles;
  - (b) that person has paid to the local government the fee; and
  - (c) during the period for which the fee is applicable.
- (9) The local government in respect of any period or time may by the use of signs set aside any parking station or any part of a parking station and prohibit entry thereto by vehicles other than vehicles carrying at least one other person in addition to the driver.
- (10) The local government may determine and impose a fee payable for the parking of a vehicle in any parking station or part of a parking station at any time or for specified times.
- (11) A person shall not stop or park a vehicle in any parking station or part of a parking station which has been set aside under this local law at the times or within such period specified pursuant to this local law unless the vehicle is carrying at least one other person.
- (12) A person shall not enter any parking station or part of a parking station which has been set aside under this local law at the times or within such period specified pursuant to this local law unless that person is the driver of or passenger in a vehicle carrying at least one other person.

#### **4.14 Special event parking**

- (1) The local government may by the use of signs, set aside for any period specified on the signs, any parking station, parking facility or other land owned or controlled by the local government for the parking of vehicles by persons attending a special event.
- (2) A person shall not park or stop a vehicle in a parking station, parking facility or land owned or controlled by the local government set aside under subclause (1) during the period for which it is set aside unless a ticket purchased on entry to that parking station, parking facility or land with respect to the special event is clearly visible to and readable by an authorised person from outside a vehicle.
- (3) A fee payable for special event parking may be determined and imposed by the local government.

- (4) For the purpose of this clause a ***“special event”*** means any event or occurrence considered by the local government to be special and likely to attract a substantial number of persons driving vehicles.
- (5) During the period referred to in subclause (1) the provisions of clause 6.5 shall not apply to the parking station, parking facility or other land.

## **PART 5 – PARKING AND STOPPING**

### ***Division 1 - Parking and stopping generally***

#### **5.1 No stopping and no parking signs, and yellow edge lines**

##### **(1) No stopping**

A driver shall not stop on any part of a carriageway, or in an area –

- (a) to which a *“no stopping”* sign applies; or
- (b) during the times a sign specifies a *“no stopping”* or *“clearway”* restriction is in operation.

##### **(2) No parking**

A driver shall not stop on a part of a carriageway or in an area to which a 'no parking' sign applies, unless the driver is –

- (a) dropping off, or picking up, passengers or goods;
- (b) does not leave the vehicle unattended; and
- (c) completes the dropping off, or picking up, of the passengers or goods within 2 minutes of stopping and drives on.

##### **(3) No stopping on a carriageway with yellow edge lines**

A driver shall not stop at the side of a carriageway marked with a continuous yellow edge line.

### ***Division 2 - Stopping in zones for particular vehicles***

#### **5.2 Stopping in a loading zone**

A person shall not stop a vehicle in a loading zone unless it is –

- (a) a motor vehicle used for commercial or trade purposes engaged in the picking up or setting down of goods; or
- (b) a motor vehicle taking up or setting down passengers,

but, in any event, shall not remain in that loading zone:

- (c) for longer than a time indicated on the *“loading zone”* sign; or
- (d) longer than 30 minutes (if no time is indicated on the sign).

#### **5.3 Stopping in a taxi or bus zone**

- (1) A driver shall not stop in a taxi zone, unless the driver is driving a taxi.
- (2) A driver shall not stop in a bus zone unless the driver is driving a public bus, or a bus of a type that is permitted to stop at the bus zone by information on or with the “bus zone” sign applying to the bus zone.
- (3) A person driving a taxi must not leave the taxi unattended while it is in a taxi zone/rank.

#### **5.4 Stopping in a mail zone**

A person shall not stop a vehicle in a mail zone.

#### **5.5 Other limitations in zones**

A person shall not stop a vehicle in a zone to which a sign applies if stopping the vehicle would be contrary to any limitation in respect to classes of persons or vehicles, or specific activities allowed, as indicated by additional words on a sign that applies to the zone.

### ***Division 3 - Other places where stopping is restricted***

#### **5.6 Stopping in a shared zone**

A driver shall not stop in a shared zone unless –

- (a) the driver stops at a place on a part of a carriageway, or in an area, to which a sign applies and the driver is permitted to stop at that place by the sign;
- (b) the driver stops in a parking bay and the driver is permitted to stop in the parking bay under this local law;
- (c) the driver is dropping off, or picking up, passengers or goods; or
- (d) the driver is engaged in door-to-door delivery or collection of goods, or in the collection of waste or garbage.

#### **5.7 Double parking**

- (1) A driver shall not stop a vehicle so that any portion of the vehicle is between any other stopped vehicle and the centre of the carriageway.
- (2) This clause does not apply to –
  - (a) a driver stopped in traffic; or
  - (b) a driver angle parking on the side of the carriageway or in a median strip parking area, in accordance with this local law.

#### **5.8 Stopping near an obstruction**

A driver shall not stop on a carriageway near an obstruction on the carriageway in a position that further obstructs traffic on the carriageway.

#### **5.9 Stopping on a bridge or in a tunnel, etc**

- (1) A driver shall not stop a vehicle on a bridge, causeway, ramp or similar structure unless –
  - (a) the carriageway is at least as wide on the structure as it is on each of the approaches and a sign does not prohibit stopping or parking; or

- (b) the driver stops at a place on a part of a carriageway, or in an area, to which a sign applies and the driver is permitted to stop at that place by the sign.

(2) A driver shall not stop a vehicle in a tunnel or underpass unless –

- (a) the carriageway is at least as wide in the tunnel or underpass as it is on each of the approaches and a traffic sign does not prohibit stopping or parking; or
- (b) the driver of a motor vehicle stops at a bus stop, or in a bus zone or parking area marked on the carriageway, for the purpose of setting down or taking up passengers.

#### **5.10 Stopping on crests, curves, etc**

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), a driver shall not stop a vehicle on, or partly on, a carriageway, in any position where it is not visible to the driver of an overtaking vehicle, from a distance of 50 metres within a built-up area, and from a distance of 150 metres outside a built-up area.
- (2) A driver may stop on a crest or curve on a carriageway that is not in a built-up area if the driver stops at a place on the carriageway, or in an area, to which a sign applies and the driver is permitted to stop at that place by the sign.

#### **5.11 Stopping near a fire hydrant etc**

A driver shall not stop a vehicle so that any portion of the vehicle is within 1 metre of a fire hydrant or fire plug, or of any sign or mark indicating the existence of a fire hydrant or fire plug, unless –

- (a) the driver is driving a public bus, and the driver stops in a bus zone or at a bus stop and does not leave the bus unattended; or
- (b) the driver is driving a taxi, and the driver stops in a taxi zone and does not leave the taxi unattended.

#### **5.12 Stopping at or near a bus stop**

- (1) A driver shall not stop a vehicle so that any portion of the vehicle is within 20 metres of the approach side of a bus stop, or within 10 metres of the departure side of a bus stop, unless –
  - (a) the vehicle is a public bus stopped to take up or set down passengers; or
  - (b) the driver stops at a place on a part of a carriageway, or in an area, to which a sign applies and the driver is permitted to stop at that place by the sign.
- (2) In this clause –
  - (a) distances are measured in the direction in which the driver is driving; and
  - (b) a trailer attached to a public bus is deemed to be a part of the public bus.

#### **5.13 Stopping on a path, median strip, or traffic island**

The driver of a vehicle (other than a bicycle or an animal) shall not stop so that any portion of the vehicle is on a path, traffic island or median strip, unless the driver stops in an area, to which a sign applies and the driver is permitted to stop at that place by the sign.

#### **5.14 Stopping on verge**



- (1) A person shall not –
- (a) stop a vehicle (other than a bicycle);
  - (b) stop a commercial vehicle or bus, or a trailer or caravan unattached to a motor vehicle; or
  - (c) stop a vehicle during any period when the stopping of vehicles on that verge is prohibited by a sign adjacent and referable to that verge,
- so that any portion of it is on a verge.
- (2) Subclause (1)(a) does not apply to the person if he or she is the owner or occupier of the premises adjacent to that verge, or is a person authorised by the occupier of those premises to stop the vehicle so that any portion of it is on the verge.
- (3) Subclause (1)(b) does not apply to a commercial vehicle when it is being loaded or unloaded with reasonable expedition with goods, merchandise or materials collected from or delivered to the premises adjacent to the portion of the verge on which the commercial vehicle is parked, provided no obstruction is caused to the passage of any vehicle or person using a carriageway or a footpath.

#### **5.15 Obstructing access to and from a path, driveway, etc**

- (1) A driver shall not stop a vehicle so that any portion of the vehicle is in front of a path, in a position that obstructs access by vehicles or pedestrians to or from that path, unless –
- (a) the driver is dropping off, or picking up, passengers; or
  - (b) the driver stops in a parking stall and the driver is permitted to stop in the parking stall under this local law.
- (2) A driver shall not stop a vehicle on or across a driveway or other way of access for vehicles travelling to or from adjacent land, unless –
- (a) the driver is dropping off, or picking up, passengers; or
  - (b) the driver stops in a parking stall and the driver is permitted to stop in the parking stall under this local law.

#### **5.16 Stopping near a public letter box**

A driver shall not stop a vehicle so that any portion of the vehicle is within 3 metres of a public letter box, unless the driver –

- (a) is dropping off, or picking up, passengers or mail; or
- (b) stops at a place on a part of a carriageway, or in an area, to which a sign applies and the driver is permitted to stop at that place by the sign.

#### **5.17 Stopping on a carriageway – heavy and long vehicles**

Subject to any clause to the contrary or sign referable to the carriageway, a person shall not park a vehicle or any combination of vehicles that, together with any projection on, or load carried by the vehicle or combination of vehicles is 7.5 metres or more in length or exceeds a GVM of 4.5 tonnes –

- (a) on a carriageway in a built-up area for any period exceeding one hour, unless engaged in the picking up or setting down of goods; or
- (b) on a carriageway outside a built-up area, except on the shoulder of the carriageway,

or in a truck bay or other area set aside for the parking of such vehicles.

#### **5.18 Stopping on a carriageway with a bicycle parking sign**

The driver of a vehicle (other than a bicycle) shall not stop on a part of a carriageway to which a “*bicycle parking*” sign applies, unless the driver is dropping off or picking up passengers.

#### **5.19 Stopping on a carriageway with motor cycle parking sign**

The driver of a vehicle shall not stop on a part of a carriageway, or in an area to which a “*motor cycle parking*” sign applies, or an area marked “*M/C*” unless –

- (a) the vehicle is a motor cycle; or
- (b) the driver is dropping off or picking up passengers.

#### **5.20 Eating areas in parking stalls**

A person shall not stop or park a vehicle in a parking stall which has been authorised in writing by the local government, to be set up or conducted as an eating area and which is designated by signs as such at that time.

#### **5.21 Permits in parking facilities**

- (1) The local government or authorised person may, whether upon payment of a fee or not, issue a written temporary parking permission which allows a specific vehicle to park –
  - (a) in a specified kerbside area;
  - (b) in a car park which is controlled by a sign, in contravention of the restriction specified on that sign; or
  - (c) in any other place under the control of the local government.
- (2) A permit issued under subclause (1) may –
  - (a) authorise the stopping or parking of the vehicle continuously for a specified period or periods between specified times or from time to time during a specified period; and
  - (b) be revoked or suspended at any time by the local government or an authorised person before the expiration of any time or period specified in the permit without responsibility for any liability or loss or claim.
- (3) A person shall not stop or park a vehicle in respect of which a permit has been issued pursuant to subclause (2) –
  - (a) except at the times or during the period specified in the permit;
  - (b) for any purpose other than the purpose for which the permit was issued; or
  - (c) at any time after the cancellation, withdrawal or suspension of the permit.
- (4) Nothing in this clause mitigates the limitations or condition imposed by any other clause or by any local law relating to a person’s right of appeal against the local government revoking or suspending a permit.

#### **5.22 Motor cycle stalls**

- (1) A person shall not stop or park a vehicle other than a bicycle or a motor cycle to which no side car or side-box is attached in a parking stall –

- (a) marked with the symbol “M/C”; or
  - (b) in which the parking of bicycles or motor cycles is permitted by a sign referable to that parking stall.
- (2) A person shall not stop or park a bicycle or motor cycle in a parking stall marked with the symbol “M/C” –
- (a) for longer than the maximum period permitted for parking in that parking stall by a sign referable to that parking stall or metered space;
  - (b) if there is no sign referable to that parking stall than for longer than the maximum period during which a vehicle may stop or be parked as specified on any sign referable to any parking stall adjacent thereto; or
  - (c) otherwise than wholly within the stall.

## **PART 6 - TICKET ISSUING MACHINES AND ZONES**

### **6.1 Establishment of Metered Zones, Metered Stalls and Ticket Zones**

- (1) The local government may, by resolution:
- (a) establish;
  - (b) indicate by signs; and
  - (c) vary from time to time;
- metered zones, metered spaces and ticket zones.
- (2) In relation to metered zones, metered spaces and ticket zones, the local government may prescribe:
- (a) conditions and permitted times of parking;
  - (b) the manner of parking; and
  - (c) the classes of vehicles permitted to park;

but this authority shall not be exercised in a manner which is inconsistent with the provisions of this local law or any other written law.

### **6.2 Ticket issuing machines**

(1) Damage to Ticket Issuing Machines

A person shall not or attempt to remove, damage, deface, misuse or interfere with any ticket issuing machine.

(2) Signs on Ticket Issuing Machines

A person shall not, without the permission of the local government, affix any board, sign, placard, notice, cover or other thing to or paint, mark or write upon any ticket issuing machine.

(3) Use of Coins in Ticket Issuing Machines

A person shall not insert or cause to be inserted or attempt to insert into a coin slot of a ticket issuing machine any thing other than a coin appropriate to that slot.

(4) Operating Ticket Issuing Machines

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A person shall not operate or attempt to operate a ticket issuing machine except in accordance with the operating instructions appearing on the ticket issuing machine.

### 6.3 Fees in ticket machine zones

- (1) Fees for stopping and parking of vehicles in a ticket machine zone may be determined and imposed by the local government.
- (2) A person must not stop or park a vehicle in a ticket machine zone unless the appropriate fee as indicated by a sign on the ticket issuing machine referable to the zone is inserted into the ticket issuing machine or is otherwise paid under clause 1.10.
- (3) The payment of the fee referred to in subclause (1) in accordance with subclause (2) entitles a person to stop or park a vehicle in a ticket machine zone for the period shown on the parking ticket, but does not authorise the stopping or parking of the vehicle in a parking space, or part of the zone during any time when stopping or parking in that zone is prohibited –
  - (a) under this local law;
  - (b) by the sign on the ticket issuing machine referable to the zone; or
  - (c) by a sign referable to that space.

### 6.4 Display of tickets

- (1) This clause does not apply to a person who parks a vehicle in a ticket machine zone in accordance with the terms of an Alternative Method of Payment under clause 1.10
- (2) A person shall not stop or park a vehicle in a ticket machine zone during any permitted period unless –
  - (a) an unexpired ticket issued by a ticket issuing machine in that ticket machine zone; and
  - (b) the date and time of issue or expiry, as the case may be, and the number, if any, of the ticket printed on the ticket,

are displayed inside the vehicle and are clearly visible to and able to be read by an authorised person from outside the vehicle at all times while the vehicle remains stopped or parked in the zone.

- (3) In the case of an electronic parking ticket, the date and time of issue or expiry of the ticket, as the case may be, and the number of the ticket, if any, printed thereon is able to be read on a mobile device by an authorised person from outside the vehicle at all times while the vehicle remains stopped or parked in that part of the ticket machine zone.
- (4) A reference in this clause to:
  - a. ***“permitted period”*** means the period stated on the ticket issuing machines in the ticket machine zone during which the parking of vehicle is permitted upon the purchase of a parking ticket;
  - b. ***“valid parking ticket”*** means a parking ticket on which –
    - i. a date and expiry time is printed and that time has not expired;
    - ii. a date and time of issue is printed and the period for which that ticket

remains valid as stated on the ticket issuing machine from which the ticket was purchased has not expired.

- (5) For the purpose of this clause, where more than one parking ticket is displayed bearing the same date and time of issue, the period for each ticket referred to in subclause (2)(b) shall be aggregated and the tickets shall be deemed not to have expired until the expiry of the aggregate of those periods.

## 6.5 Parking limits

- (1) A person shall not stop or park a vehicle in a ticket machine zone during any permitted period for longer than the maximum period.
- (2) A reference in this clause to –
- (a) **“maximum period”** means the maximum period stated on the ticket issuing machines in the zone during which the continuous parking of a vehicle in the zone is permitted;
  - (b) **“permitted period”** has the meaning given to it in clause 6.3(2)(a).

## 6.6 Parking position in ticket machine zones

A person shall not stop or park a vehicle in a ticket machine zone:

- (1) on any part of which there are parking stalls set out parallel to a kerb otherwise than –
- (a) parallel to that kerb;
  - (b) as close to the kerb as practicable;
  - (c) wholly within a parking stall;
  - (d) headed in the direction of the movement of traffic on the part of the carriageway on which the parking stall is situated;
- (2) on any part of which there are parking stalls not set out parallel to a kerb otherwise than wholly within a parking stall.

## 6.7 No parking when cover on ticket machine

Despite any other provision of this local law and despite any other sign or notice, a person must not park a vehicle in a ticket machine zone, if the ticket issuing machine referable to the ticket machine zone has a cover marked ‘No Parking’, ‘Reserved Parking’ or ‘Temporary Bus Stand’ or an equivalent symbol depicting one or more of these purposes, except with the permission of the local government or an authorised person.

# PART 7 - PARKING PERMITS

## 7.1 Definitions

In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires –

**“dwelling unit”** means premises lawfully used for self contained living quarters;

**“commercial parking permit”** means a permit issued to a business by the local government pursuant to clause 7.3(3);

**“grouped dwelling”** means a dwelling that is one of a group of two or more dwellings on the same lot such that no dwelling is placed wholly or partially vertically above another, except

where special conditions of landscape or topography dictate otherwise, and includes a dwelling on a survey strata with common property;

**“eligible person”** where used in relation to an application for a –

- (a) **“residential parking permit”** means an owner or occupier of a single house, grouped dwelling or multiple dwelling;
- (b) **“commercial parking permit”** means the proprietor of a commercial business;

**“multiple dwelling”** means a dwelling in a group of more than one dwelling on a lot where 50 percent or greater of floor area of a dwelling is vertically above part of any other but:

- does not include a grouped dwelling; and
- includes any dwellings above the ground floor in a mixed use development;

**“residential parking permit”** means a permit issued to a resident by the local government pursuant to clause 7.3(1);

**“residential unit”** means a dwelling unit which is part of a building adjacent to a part of a thoroughfare on which thoroughfare the stopping or parking of vehicles is prohibited for more than a specified period and which building contains –

- (a) two or more dwelling units with or without any non residential units;
- (b) one dwelling unit with one or more non residential units;

**“single house”** means a dwelling unit constructed on its own lot and used for self contained living quarters and which is adjacent to a part of a road on which the Stopping or parking of vehicles is prohibited for more than a specified period;

**“single house occupier”** means an occupier of a single house;

**“strata company”** has the meaning given to it in the *Strata Titles Act 1985*;

**“temporary parking permit”** means a permit issued to a business or individual by the local government pursuant to clause 7.4”;

**“unit occupier”** means a person who is an occupier of a residential unit but does not include a unit owner;

**“unit owner”** means a person who is an owner of a residential unit.

## **7.2 Exemption for permit holders**

- (1)
  - (a) Where on any part of a thoroughfare the stopping or parking of vehicles is prohibited by a sign for more than a specified period or where any part of a thoroughfare is a metered space, the holder of a valid permit is exempted from such prohibition.
  - (b) The local government may also issue a permit which exempts the holder from compliance with the requirements of clauses 7(2)(a) and 7(2)(b).
- (2) The exemption conferred by subclause (1) shall apply only –
  - (a) to that part of a thoroughfare specified in the permit;
  - (b) where the time restriction applicable to that part of the thoroughfare is for a period exceeding 30 minutes;
  - (c) ~~where the permit displayed is a residential parking permit to the vehicle~~

specified in the residential parking permit;

- (d) if the permit is displayed in the vehicle or affixed to the windscreen of the vehicle so as to be clearly visible and able to be read by an authorised person from outside the vehicle;
  - (e) if the permit is valid.
- (3) The exemption conferred by subclause (1) shall not, unless specifically noted on the permit, apply during any period in which the stopping or parking of vehicles is prohibited in the thoroughfare or the part of the thoroughfare specified in the permit.

### **7.3 Issue of permits**

- (1) The local government may upon a written application of an eligible person issue a residential parking permit.
- (2) The local government may upon a written application of an eligible person issue a commercial parking permit.
- (3) The local government may, upon written application of an eligible person, issue a temporary parking permit.
- (4) The local government's power to issue, replace and revoke permits under this Part may be exercised by an authorised officer.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provision in this local law, the local government may approve the issue of a number of residential or commercial parking permits (as applicable) to any eligible person on such terms and conditions as the local government sees fit.

### **7.4 Discretionary authority**

The local government may approve the issue of one additional residential parking permit to any occupier on such terms and conditions as the local government sees fit.

### **7.5 Validity of permit**

Every residential or commercial parking permit as the case may be, shall cease to be valid upon –

- (a) the expiry of a period of either 1 or 3 years (depending upon the permit issued) from and including the date on which it is issued or midnight of the expiry date shown on the permit;
- (b) the holder of the permit ceasing to be an eligible person;
- (c) the revocation of the permit by the local government pursuant to clause 7.6;
- (d) the replacement of any permit by a new permit issued by the local government pursuant to clause 7.3.

### **7.6 Revocation of a permit**

- (1) The local government may at any time give an eligible person to whom a permit was issued pursuant to the provisions of this local law notice requiring that person to notify the local government of any reason why that permit should not be revoked.
- (2) The local government shall give notice referred to in subclause (1) by serving a notice on the eligible person to whom the permit was issued.
- (3) If within seven (7) days after the date of receipt of the notice referred to in subclause

(2) the eligible person to whom the permit was issued –

- (i) fails to give the local government notice in writing of any reason why the permit should not be revoked;
- (ii) gives the local government notice in writing of any reasons why the permit should not be revoked;

then the local government may in its absolute discretion revoke that permit.

- (4) For the purpose of subclause (3) the date of receipt of the notice shall be the date the notice was served.
- (5) The local government shall give notice of the revocation by serving a notice on the eligible person to whom the permit was issued.

#### **7.7 Removal of permit from vehicle**

The holder of a residential or commercial parking permit shall forthwith upon that permit being revoked or ceasing to be valid remove the permit from the vehicle in which it is displayed or to which it is affixed.

#### **7.8 Replacement of permit**

- (1) The local government may upon a written application of an eligible person and upon payment of the fee referred to in subclause (2), if any, issue a permit to replace a residential or commercial parking permit which is lost, misplaced, destroyed or stolen.
- (2) The local government may determine and impose a fee for the issue of a replacement permit pursuant to this clause.
- (3) Notwithstanding subclause (2), no fee shall be payable for the issue of a replacement permit if evidence is produced in writing to the satisfaction of the local government –
  - (a) that the vehicle in which the permit is displayed has been disposed of;
  - (b) that the vehicle's windscreen in which the permit is displayed has been replaced; or
  - (c) which the local government considers warrants the waiving of the fee.

#### **7.9 Display of parking permits**

- (1) A person shall not stop or park a vehicle in an area set aside for persons or vehicles of a particular class during any permitted period unless a valid permit is either displayed inside the vehicle or available to be viewed on a mobile device.
- (2) The permit must be clearly visible to and able to be read by an authorised person from either outside the vehicle, or from a mobile device at all times while the vehicle remains stopped or parked in the zone.

### **PART 8 – MISCELLANEOUS**

#### **8.1 Authorised persons**

No offence under this local law is committed by an authorised person while carrying out his or her duties as an authorised person.

#### **8.2 Necessary Power**



An authorised person has all necessary powers for the purpose of performing or observing all of the functions conferred on him or her under the Act and this local law.

### **8.3 Authorised person to be obeyed**

A person who is given a direction by an authorised person or a member of the WA Police Service under this local law or in relation to a contravention of this local law, shall comply with that direction.

### **8.4 Persons may be directed to leave local government property**

An authorised person may direct a person to leave local government property or a local government building where the authorised person reasonably suspects that the person has contravened a provision of this local law.

### **8.5 Marking of tyres**

- (1) For the purposes of ascertaining whether or not a parked vehicle has been or may be parked in contravention of any provision of this local law an authorised person may mark the tyres of a vehicle parked in a parking facility with chalk or any other non-indelible substance.
- (2) A person shall not remove or interfere with any such mark referred to in subclause (1) so that the purpose of affixing that mark is or may be defeated.

### **8.6 Removal of notices on a vehicle**

A person, other than the driver of the vehicle or a person acting under the direction of the driver of the vehicle or an authorised person, shall not remove from the vehicle any notice put on the vehicle by an authorised person.

### **8.7 Special purpose and emergency vehicles**

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this local law, the driver of –

- (a) a special purpose vehicle may, only in the course of his or her duties and when it is expedient and safe to do so, stop or park the vehicle in any place, at any time; and
- (b) an emergency vehicle may, in the course of his or her duties and when it is expedient and safe to do so or where he or she honestly and reasonably believes that it is expedient and safe to do so, stop or park the vehicle at any place, at any time.

### **8.8 Vehicles not to obstruct a public place or thoroughfare**

- (1) A person shall not park or leave a vehicle, or any part of a vehicle, in a public place so that it obstructs the use of any part of that public place without the permission of the local government or unless authorised under any written law.
- (2) A vehicle which is parked in any portion of a public place where vehicles may be lawfully parked, is deemed to cause an obstruction and may be impounded where—
  - (a) the vehicle is so parked during any period in which the parking of vehicles is prohibited or restricted by a sign; or
  - (b) the vehicle is abandoned, unregistered or disused.
  - (c) In the opinion of an authorised person, the presence of the vehicle presents a hazard to

public safety or restricts the lawful use of any place.

## **8.9 Damage to parking stations and facilities**

A person shall not, and shall not attempt to remove, damage, deface, misuse or interfere with any part of a parking station or parking facility.

## **8.10 Local government may lock parking stations**

- (1) At the expiration of the hours of operation of a parking station, the local government, whether or not any vehicle remains parked in a parking station, may lock the parking station or otherwise prevent the movement of any vehicle within or to or from the parking station.
- (2) Nothing in this clause mitigates the limitations or condition imposed by any other clause or by any local law relating to the locking of a parking station.

# **PART 9 – PENALTIES**

## **9.1 Offences and penalties**

- (1) Any person who fails to do anything required or directed to be done under this local law, or who does anything which under this local law that person is prohibited from doing, commits an offence.
- (2) A person who commits an offence under this local law is liable on conviction to a penalty not less than \$250 and not exceeding \$5,000, and if the offence is of a continuing nature, to a further penalty not exceeding a fine of \$500 in respect of each day or part of a day during which the offence has continued.
- (3) An offence against any provision of this local law is a prescribed offence for the purposes of section 9.16(1) of the Act.
- (4) The amount appearing in the final column of Schedule 2 directly opposite a clause specified in that schedule is the modified penalty for an offence against that clause.

## **9.2 Form of notices**

For the purposes of this local law the form of the –

- (a) notice referred to in section 9.13 of the Act is that of the form in Schedule 3;
- (b) infringement notice referred to in section 9.17 of the Act is that of the form in Schedule 4; and
- (b) notice referred to in section 9.20 of the Act is that of the form in Schedule 5.

## **SCHEDULE 1**

### **Local Government Act 1995 City of Vincent Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007**

#### **PARKING REGION**

The parking region is the whole of the district but excludes the following portions of the district:

1. the approach and departure prohibition areas of all existing and future traffic control signal installations as determined by the Commissioner of Main Roads;
2. prohibition areas applicable to all existing and future bridges and subways as determined by the Commissioner of Main Roads;
3. any road which comes under the control of the Commissioner of Main Roads unless the control of parking and parking facilities on that road is carried out subject to the control and direction of the Commissioner of Main Roads or has been delegated by the Commissioner to the local government; and
4. the Mitchell Freeway and Graham Farmer Freeway, save that Subdivision 4 of Division 3 of Part 3 of the Act continues to apply to these portions and these portions are included in the parking region for that purpose.

**SCHEDULE 2 –  
PRESCRIBED OFFENCES  
[Cl. 9.1(4)]**

ITEM NO.	CLAUSE No.	NATURE OF OFFENCE	MODIFIED PENALTY (AMENDED) \$
1	2.2(1), (2)	Failure to comply with signs	60
2	2.3(a)	Unauthorised display, marking, setting up, exhibiting of a sign	135
3	2.3(b)	Unauthorised removal, defacing or misuse of a sign	80
4	2.3(c)	Unauthorised affixing anything to a sign	70
5	3.2(1)(a)	Failure to park parallel to and as close to the kerb as practicable in a parking stall	70
6	3.2(1)(b)	Failure to park wholly within parking stall	70
7	3.2(1)(c)	Failure to park in the direction of the movement of traffic in a parking stall	70
8	3.2(4)	Failure to park wholly within parking area	60
9	3.3(1)(a)	Causing obstruction in parking station	135
10	3.3(1)(b)	Parking contrary to sign in parking station	60
11	3.3(1)(c)	Parking contrary to directions of authorised person in a parking station	160
12	3.3(1)(d)	Parking or attempting to park a vehicle in a parking stall occupied by another vehicle	60
13	4.1(1)(a)	Parking by vehicles of a different class	95
14	4.1(1)(b)	Parking by persons of a different class	95
15	4.1(1)(c)	Parking during prohibited period	95
16	4.1(3)(a)	Parking in no parking area	95
17	4.1(3)(b)	Parking contrary to signs or limitations	60
18	4.1(3)(c)	Parking vehicle in motor cycle only area	60
19	4.1(3)(d)	Parking within head of cul-de-sac	95
20	4.1(4)	Park or stop motor cycle in stall not marked 'M/C'	60
21	4.1(5)	Parking without permission in an area designated for 'Authorised Vehicles Only'	95
22	4.1(6)	Park or stop in bicycle lane or path	135
23	4.2(1)(a)	Failure to park on the left of two-way carriageway	70
24	4.2(1)(b)	Failure to park on boundary of one-way carriageway	70
25	4.2(1)(a) or 4.2(1)(b)	Parking against the flow of traffic	70
26	4.2(1)(c)	Parking when distance from farther boundary less than 3 metres	110
27	4.2(1)(d)	Parking closer than 1 metre from another vehicle	60
28	4.2(1)(e)	Causing obstruction	135
29	4.3(b)	Failure to park at approximate right angle	60
30	4.4(2)	Failure to park at an appropriate angle	60
31	4.5(2)(a)	Double parking	135
32	4.5(2)(b)	Parking on or adjacent to a median strip	70
33	4.5(2)(c)	Denying access to private drive or right of way	135
34	4.5(2)(d)	Parking beside excavation or obstruction so as to obstruct traffic	135
35	4.5(2)(e)	Parking within 10 metres of traffic island	70
36	4.5(2)(f)	Parking on footpath/pedestrian crossing	160
37	4.5(2)(g)	Parking closer than 3 metres to double longitudinal lines	135
38	4.5(2)(h)	Parking on intersection	160

39	4.5(2)(i)	Parking within 1 metre of fire hydrant or fire plug	60
40	4.5(2)(j)	Parking within 3 metres of public letter box	60
41	4.5(2)(k)	Parking within 10 metres of intersection	70
42	4.5(3)(a) or (b)	Parking vehicle within 10 metres of departure side of bus stop, children's crossing or pedestrian crossing	60
43	4.5(4)(a) or (b)	Parking vehicle within 20 metres of approach side of bus stop, children's crossing or pedestrian crossing	60
44	4.5(5)	Parking vehicle within 20 metres of approach side or departure side of railway level crossing	60
45	4.6	Parking contrary to direction of authorised person in a thoroughfare	160
46	4.7(1), (2) or (3)	Moving vehicle to avoid time limitation	95
47	4.8(a)	Parking in thoroughfare for purpose of sale	135
48	4.8(b)	Parking unlicensed vehicle in thoroughfare	110
49	4.8(c)	Parking a trailer/caravan on a thoroughfare	110
50	4.8(d)	Parking in thoroughfare for purpose of repairs	135
51	4.9(2)	Parking on land that is not a parking facility without consent	135
52	4.9(3)	Parking on land not in accordance with consent	135
53	4.10	Driving or parking on a reserve	135
54	4.11	Parking on a verge	70
55	4.13(1)	Failure to display a valid parking ticket (Parking Station)	70
56	4.13(2)(a)	Deface, alter, add to, erase, obliterate or otherwise interfere with a parking ticket	160
57	4.13(2)(b)	Display a defaced, altered obliterated or otherwise interfered with parking ticket	160
58	4.13(2)(c)	Produce a defaced, altered obliterated or otherwise interfered with parking ticket	160
59	5.1(1)(a)	Stopping contrary to a "no stopping sign"	135
60	5.1(1)(b)	Stopping during the times a sign specifies a "no stopping" or "clearway" restriction is in operation	270
61	5.1(2)	Parking contrary to a no parking sign	95
62	5.1(3)	Stopping within continuous yellow lines	135
63	5.2	Stopping unlawfully in a loading zone	95
64	5.3(1)	Stopping unlawfully in a taxi zone or bus zone	110
65	5.3(3)	Leave taxi unattended in taxi zone/rank	110
66	5.4	Stopping unlawfully in a mail zone	80
67	5.5	Stopping in a zone contrary to a sign	60
68	5.6	Stopping in a shared zone	60
69	5.7(1)	Double parking	135
70	5.8	Stopping near an obstruction	135
71	5.9	Stopping on a bridge or tunnel	110
72	5.1	Stopping on crests/curves etc	110
73	5.11	Stopping near fire hydrant	80
74	5.12(1)	Stopping near bus stop	95
75	5.13	Stopping on path, median strip or traffic island	135
76	5.14(1)	Stopping on verge	70
77	5.15	Obstructing path, a driveway etc	135
78	5.16	Stopping near letter box	60
79	5.17	Stopping heavy or long vehicles on carriageway	95
80	5.18	Stopping in bicycle parking area	70
81	5.19	Stopping in motorcycle parking area	70
82	5.20	Stopping or parking in a stall set up as an eating area	95
83	5.21	Stopping or parking contrary to requirements of a permit	70
84	5.22	Stopping or parking a vehicle (other than a bicycle or motor cycle) in a parking stall approved for motor cycles	70
85	6.2(1)	Damaging or interfering with ticket issuing machine	160

86	6.2(2)	Affixing a board, sign, placard or notice or marking any ticket issuing machine	70
87	6.2(3)	Inserting other than a coin in a ticket issuing machine	60
88	6.2(4)	Operating a ticket issuing machine contrary to instructions	60
89	6.3(2)	Failure to pay appropriate fee	70
90	6.4(2)(a)	Failure to display an unexpired parking ticket	70
91	6.4(2)(b)	Failure to <b>clearly</b> display a valid parking ticket	70
92	6.4(2)(c)	Failure to obtain a valid parking ticket	70
93	6.5(1)	Stopping or parking for longer than the maximum period	70
94	6.6(1)(a)	Failure to stop or park parallel to the kerb in a ticket machine zone	70
95	6.6(1)(b)	Failure to stop or park as close to the kerb as practicable in a ticket machine zone	70
96	6.6(1)(c)	Failure to stop or park wholly within a parking stall in a ticket machine zone	70
97	6.6(1)(d)	Failure to stop or park in direction of movement of traffic in a ticket machine zone	60
98	6.7	Parking contrary to a covered ticket issuing machine	95
99	7.9	Failure to display a valid permit	95
100	8.3	Failure to comply with a lawful direction of an authorised person	160
101	8.4	Failure to leave local government property when lawfully directed to do so by an authorised person	160
102	8.5(2)	Removing or interfering with a lawful mark on a tyre	160
103	8.6	Removing a notice on a vehicle	135
104	8.8(1)	Leaving a vehicle in a public place or thoroughfare so as to cause an obstruction	135
105	8.9	Attempting to or removing, damaging, defacing, misusing or interfering with any part of a parking station or parking facility	160

## SCHEDULE 3

**Local Government Act 1995**  
**City of Vincent Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007**

**NOTICE TO OWNER OF VEHICLE INVOLVED IN OFFENCE**

Date ..... / ..... / .....

To: (1) .....  
 of: (2) .....

It is alleged that on ..... / ..... / ..... at (3) .....

at (4) ..... your vehicle:

make: ..... ;

model: ..... ;

registration: ..... ;

was involved in the commission of the following offence - .....

.....

.....

.....

contrary to clause ..... of the ***City of Vincent Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007***.

You are required under section 9.13 of the *Local Government Act 1995* to identify the person who was the driver or person in charge of the vehicle at the time when the offence is alleged to have been committed.

If you do not prove otherwise, you will be deemed to have committed the offence unless:

- (a) within 28 days after being served with this notice:
- (i) you inform the Chief Executive Officer or another authorised officer of the local government as to the identity and address of the person who was the driver or person in charge of the vehicle at the time the offence is alleged to have been committed; or
  - (ii) you satisfy the Chief Executive Officer that the vehicle had been stolen, or was being unlawfully used, at the time the offence is alleged to have been committed;

or

- (b) you were given an infringement notice for the alleged offence and the modified penalty specified in it is paid within 28 days after the notice was given or such further time as is allowed.

(5) .....

(6) .....

Insert:

- (1) Name of owner or 'the owner'
- (2) Address of owner (not required if owner not named)
- (3) Time of alleged offence
- (4) Location of alleged offence
- (5) Signature of authorised person
- (6) Name and title of authorised person giving notice

## SCHEDULE 4

**Local Government Act 1995**  
**City of Vincent Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007**

## INFRINGEMENT NOTICE

Serial No .....

Date ..... / ..... / .....

To: (1) .....  
 of: (2) .....

It is alleged that on ..... / ..... / ..... at (3) .....  
 at (4) .....  
 in respect of vehicle:

make: .....

model: .....

registration: .....

you committed the following offence:

.....  
 .....  
 .....

contrary to clause ..... of the **City of Vincent Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007**.

The modified penalty for the offence is \$ .....

If you do not wish to have a complaint of the alleged offence heard and determined by a court, the amount of the modified penalty may be paid to an authorised person at (5) ..... within a period of 28 days after the giving of this notice.

If you take no action this infringement notice may be registered with the Fines Enforcement Registry after which your driver's licence or any vehicle licence held by you may be suspended.

If the matter is registered with the Registry additional costs will also be payable by you.

If the above address is not your current address, or if you change your address, it is important that you advise us immediately. Failure to do so may result in your driver's licence or any vehicle licence you hold being suspended without your knowledge.

(6) .....

(7) .....

Insert:

(1) Name of alleged offender or 'the owner'

(2) Address of alleged offender

(3) Time of alleged offence

(4) Location of alleged offence

(5) Place where modified penalty may be paid

(6) Signature of authorised person

(7) Name and title of authorised person giving notice



**SCHEDULE 5**

**Local Government Act 1995  
City of Vincent Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007**

**WITHDRAWAL OF INFRINGEMENT NOTICE**

Serial No .....

Date ..... / ..... / .....

To: (1) .....  
of: (2) .....

Infringement Notice No. .... dated ..... / ..... / .....  
.....

in respect of vehicle:

make: ..... ;

model: ..... ;

registration: ..... ,

for the alleged offence of .....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
has been withdrawn.

The modified penalty of \$ .....

- has been paid and a refund is enclosed.
- has not been paid and should not be paid.

*delete as appropriate.*

(3) .....

(4) .....

Insert:

- (1) Name of alleged offender to whom infringement notice was given or 'the owner'.
- (2) Address of alleged offender.
- (3) Signature of authorised person
- (4) Name and title of authorised person giving notice

**SCHEDULE 6**

**Local Government Act 1995  
City of Vincent Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007**

**ITEM 3(a) NOTICE OF INTENT TO REVOKE A PERMIT**



**CITY OF VINCENT**

**Local Government Act 1995  
City of Vincent  
Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007  
NOTICE OF INTENT TO REVOKE A PERMIT**

Take notice that within seven days from the ..... day of ..... the person to whom (Residential Parking Permit/ Commercial Parking Permit)\* No ..... was issued is required to give the local government notice in writing of any reason why that permit should not be revoked. If no written notice is received by the local government within that time, the local government may revoke that permit.

.....  
for and on behalf of the CITY OF VINCENT

.....  
Date of Service

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable

**Local Government Act 1995  
City of Vincent Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007**

**ITEM 3(b) NOTICE OF REVOCATION OF A PERMIT**



**CITY OF VINCENT**

**Local Government Act 1995  
City of Vincent  
Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law 2007  
NOTICE OF REVOCATION OF A PERMIT**

Take notice that from and including the ..... day of  
..... (Residential Parking Permit/Visitor's Parking  
Permit/Commercial Parking Permit)\* No ..... is revoked and invalid.

.....  
for and on behalf of the CITY OF VINCENT

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable

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Dated this 8th day of May 2020.

The Common Seal of the City of Vincent was affixed by authority of a resolution of the  
Council in the presence of —

**EMMA COLE, MAYOR**

**DAVID MACLENNAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

**SCHEDULE OF AMENDMENTS**

<b>Date of Council Resolution</b>	<b>Date of Gazettal</b>	<b>Details of Amendment</b>
08.07.08	05.08.08	<i>Schedule 6</i> amended to correct anomalies
10.02.09	27.02.09	<i>Clause 5.1</i> amended to be specific to Clearway parking restrictions, so that the City can differentiate between “No Stopping At All Times” and “No Stopping – Restricted Periods” and amend <i>Schedule 2</i> accordingly.
05.07.11	12.07.11 & 19.07.11	Various amendments – see amendment sheet July 2011
12.12.17	9.1.18	Added new prescribed offences 4.1(3)(d), 4.1(6) and 5.3(3).  Changed references to "valid" from "unexpired" parking tickets and updated clause 7.9 to clarify the display of parking permits.  Deleted schedule 6.
10.12.19	05.06.20	Various amendments – see amendment sheet July 2019